## 94-0266

The invention relates to heterociclic compounds, particularly to obtaining their derivatives 1,2,5,6-tetrahydropiridin-3 - carboxyldehidoxim with the formula (1)

 $NOR^2 = CH-C=CH-CH_2-CH_2 N(R^1)-CH_2$ 

in which  $R^1$  represents H or methyl,  $R^2$  represents  $C_1$ - $C_3$  linear alkyl or saturated branched out, acetylordimethyl aminoethil, or hidrochlor with a colinomimetic activity.

The aim of the invention is to trace out new compounels more active from the mentioned abova group.

The obtaining of the products with special destination is achieved by the reaction of hydrochlor. Compound with the formula (II) CHO-C=CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N( $R^1$ -CH<sub>2</sub>) in which  $R^1$  has the above mentioned values with hidrochlor compound with the formula (III) NH<sup>2</sup>OR<sup>2</sup> a in which  $R^2$  represents H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl or saturated, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl linear or unsaturated branched out.

The compound with the formula NOR<sub>2</sub>  $a = CH-CH-CH_2-CH_2-N(R^1)-CH_2$  in which R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> a have the mentioned values, separated in a free form or in the form of hydrochlor optionally when R<sup>2</sup> a represents H the compound with the formula IA is treated with the compount R<sup>2</sup> b Hal, in which R<sup>2</sup> b represents acetyl or dimetyl aminoethyl. Hal represents halogene. The resultant compound with the formula (Ib).

 $NOR^{2}b = CH-C=CH-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-N(R^{1})-CH_{2}$  in which  $R^{1}$  and  $R^{2}d$  have the mentioned values are separating in a free from or in the form of hydroclor.

Claims: 1